FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR®

May 2008

FDW2511NZ

Dual N-Channel 2.5V Specified PowerTrench® MOSFET

Features

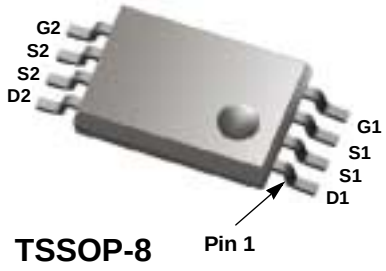
- 7.1A, 20V $r_{DS(ON)}$ =0.020Ω, V_{GS} = 4.5V
  $r_{DS(ON)}$ =0.025Ω, V_{GS} = 2.5V
- Extended V_{GS} range (±12 V) for battery applications
- HBM ESD Protection Level of 3.5kV Typical (note 3)
- High performance trench technology for extremely low $r_{DS(ON)}$
- Low profile TSSOP-8 package

Applications

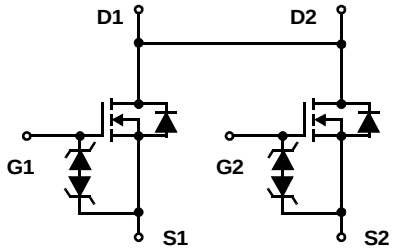
- Load switch
- Battery charge
- Battery disconnect circuits

General Description

This N-Channel MOSFET is produced using Fairchild Semiconductor's advanced PowerTrench process that has been especially tailored to minimize the on-state resistance and yet maintain low gate charge for superior switching performance. These devices are well suited for portable electronics applications.



TSSOP-8



Absolute Maximum Ratings T_A=25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
V_{DSS}	Drain to Source Voltage	20	V
V_{GS}	Gate to Source Voltage	±12	V
I_D	Drain Current Continuous (T_C = 25°C, V_{GS} = 4.5V, $R_{\theta JA}$ = 77°C/W)	7.1	A
	Continuous (T_C = 100°C, V_{GS} = 2.5V, $R_{\theta JA}$ = 77°C/W)	4.0	A
	Pulsed	Figure 4	A
P_D	Power dissipation	1.6	W
	Derate above 25°C	13	mW/°C
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Temperature	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient (Note 1)	77	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient (Note 2)	114	°C/W

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Package	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
2511NZ	FDW2511NZ	TSSOP-8	13”	12 mm	2500 units

Electrical Characteristics T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Units
Off Characteristics							
B_{VDSS}	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	I_D = 250µA, V_{GS} = 0V		20	-	-	V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V_{DS} = 16V		-	-	1	µA
		V_{GS} = 0V	T_A=100°C	-	-	5	
I_{GSS}	Gate to Source Leakage Current	V_{GS} = ±12V		-	-	±10	µA
		V_{GS} = ±4.5V				±250	nA
On Characteristics							
$V_{GS(TH)}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 250µA		0.6	0.8	1.5	V
$r_{DS(ON)}$	Drain to Source On Resistance	I_D = 7.1A, V_{GS} = 4.5V		-	0.015	0.020	Ω
		I_D = 6.9A, V_{GS} = 4.0V		-	0.015	0.021	Ω
		I_D = 6.5A, V_{GS} = 3.1V		-	0.016	0.024	Ω
		I_D = 6.3A, V_{GS} = 2.5V		-	0.017	0.025	Ω
Dynamic Characteristics							
C_{ISS}	Input Capacitance	V_{DS} = 10V, V_{GS} = 0V, f = 1MHz		-	1000	-	pF
C_{OSS}	Output Capacitance			-	250	-	pF
C_{RSS}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			-	175	-	pF
R_G	Gate Resistance	V_{GS} = 0.5V, f = 1MHz		-	2.8	-	Ω
$Q_{g(TOT)}$	Total Gate Charge at 4.5V	V_{GS} = 0V to 4.5V	V_{DD} = 10V I_D = 7.1A I_g = 1.0mA	-	11.5	17.3	nC
$Q_{g(2.5)}$	Total Gate Charge at 2.5V	V_{GS} = 0V to 2.5V		-	7.6	11.4	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate to Source Gate Charge			-	1.7	-	nC
Q_{gd}	Gate to Drain “Miller” Charge			-	3.5	-	nC

Switching Characteristics (V_{GS} = 4.5V)

t_{ON}	Turn-On Time	V_{DD} = 10V, I_D = 7.1A V_{GS} = 4.5V, R_{GS} = 6.8Ω	-	-	146	ns
$t_{d(ON)}$	Turn-On Delay Time		-	13	-	ns
t_r	Rise Time		-	84	-	ns
$t_{d(OFF)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		-	41	-	ns
t_f	Fall Time		-	55	-	ns
t_{OFF}	Turn-Off Time		-	-	144	ns

Drain-Source Diode Characteristics

V_{SD}	Source to Drain Diode Voltage	I_{SD} = 1.3A	-	0.7	1.2	V
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	I_{SD} = 7.1A, dI_{SD}/dt = 100A/µs	-	-	27	ns
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovered Charge	I_{SD} = 7.1A, dI_{SD}/dt = 100A/µs	-	-	16	nC

Notes:

1. $R_{\theta JA}$ is 77 ^{o}C/W (steady state) when mounted on a 1 inch^2 copper pad on FR-4.

2. $R_{\theta JA}$ is 114 ^{o}C/W (steady state) when mounted on a mininum copper pad on FR-4.

3 The diode connected to the gate and source serves only as protection against ESD. No gate overvoltage rating is implied.

Typical Characteristic T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted

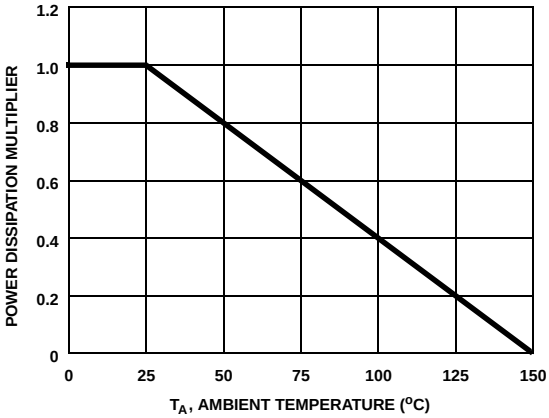


Figure 1. Normalized Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature

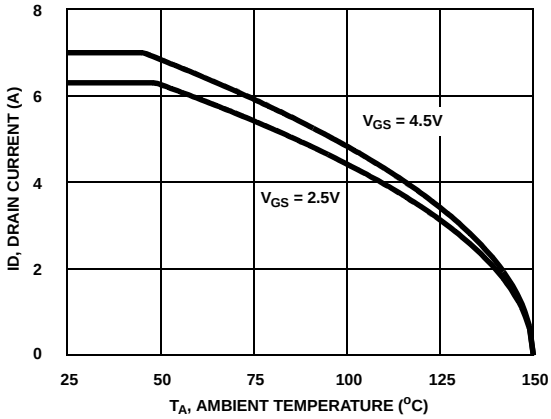


Figure 2. Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs Ambient Temperature

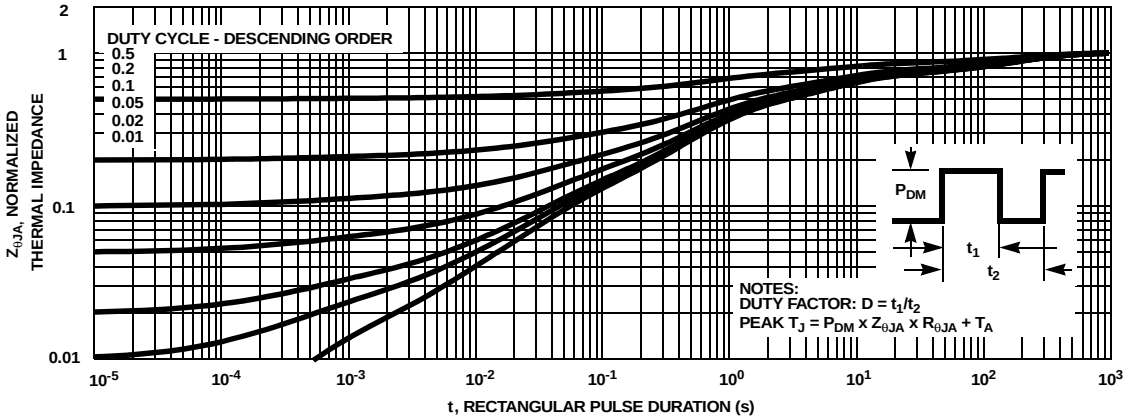


Figure 3. Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

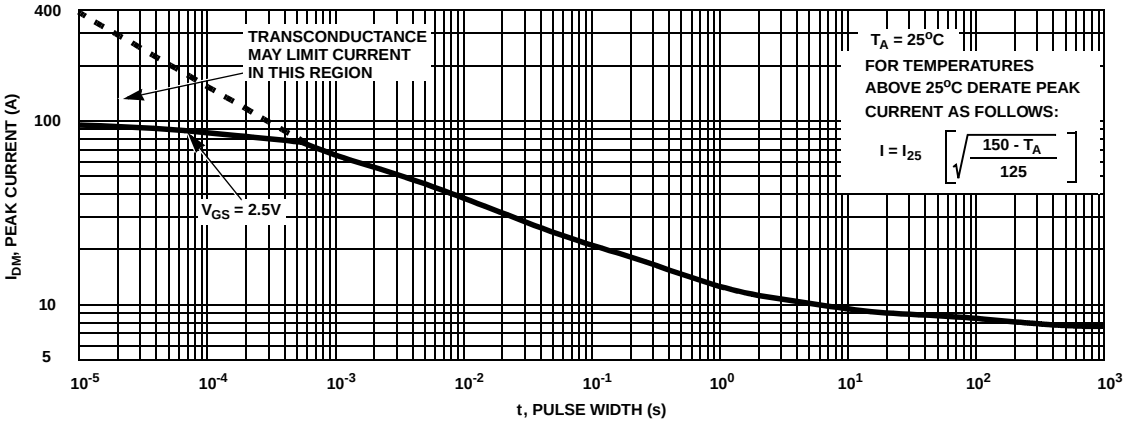


Figure 4. Peak Current Capability

Typical Characteristic (Continued) T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted

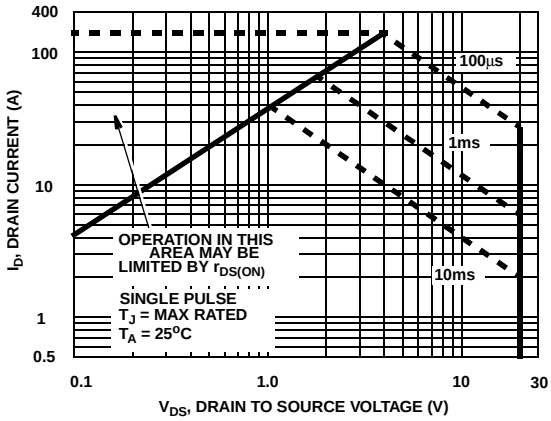


Figure 5. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

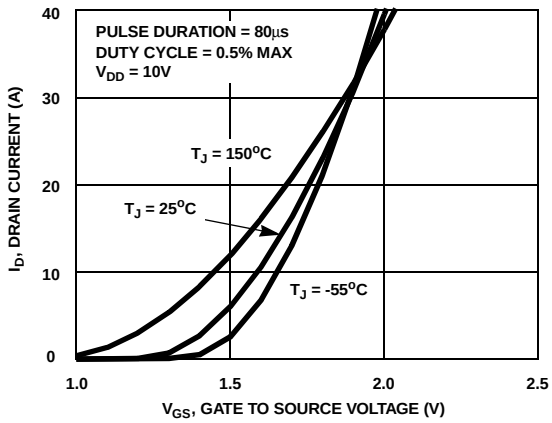


Figure 6. Transfer Characteristics

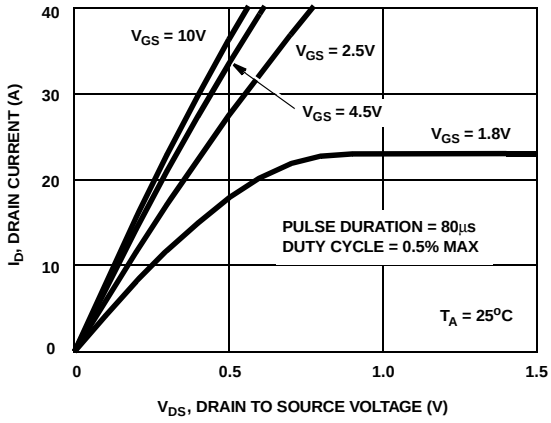


Figure 7. Saturation Characteristics

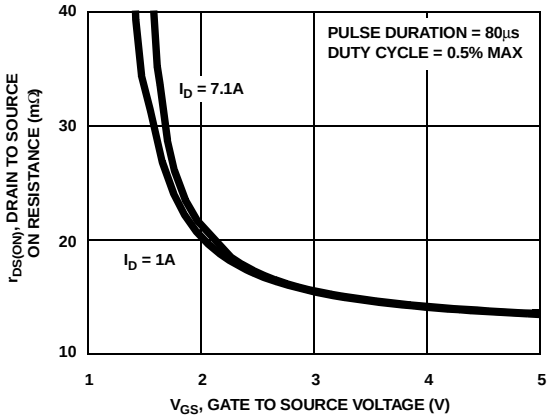


Figure 8. Drain to Source On Resistance vs Gate Voltage and Drain Current

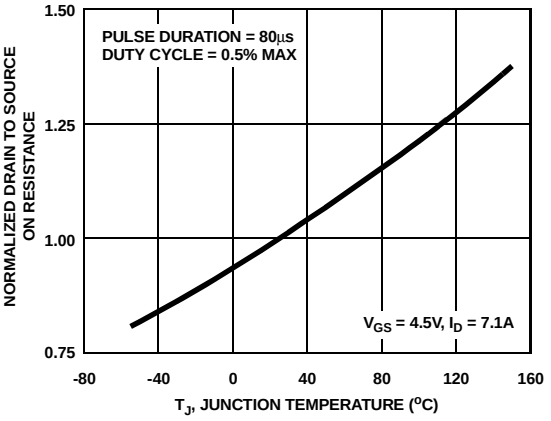


Figure 9. Normalized Drain to Source On Resistance vs Junction Temperature

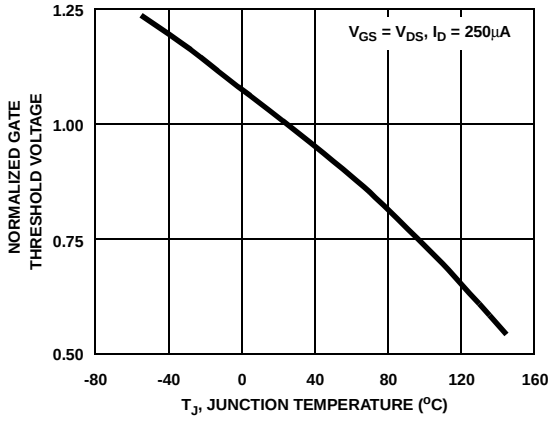


Figure 10. Normalized Gate Threshold Voltage vs Junction Temperature

Typical Characteristic (Continued) T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted

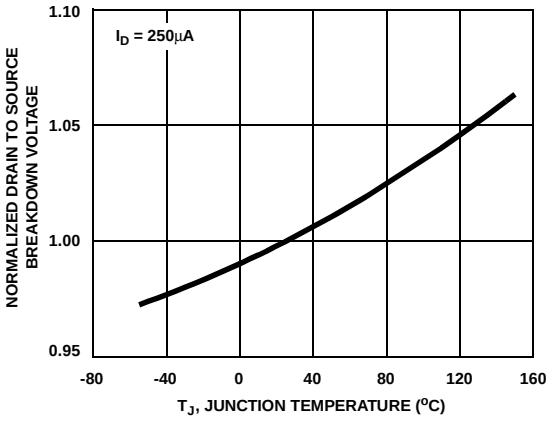


Figure 11. Normalized Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage vs Junction Temperature

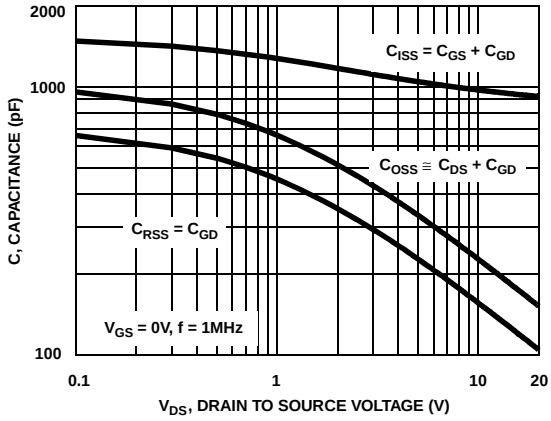


Figure 12. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

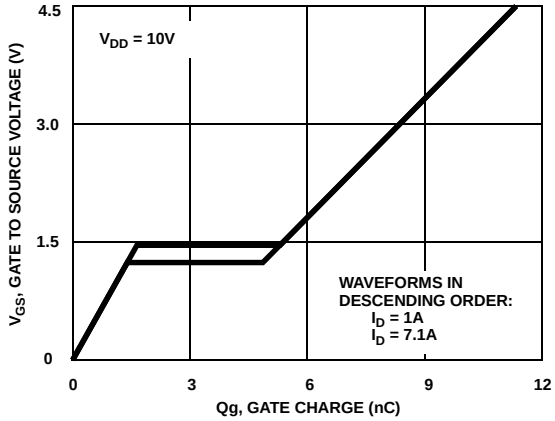


Figure 13. Gate Charge Waveforms for Constant Gate Currents

Test Circuits and Waveforms

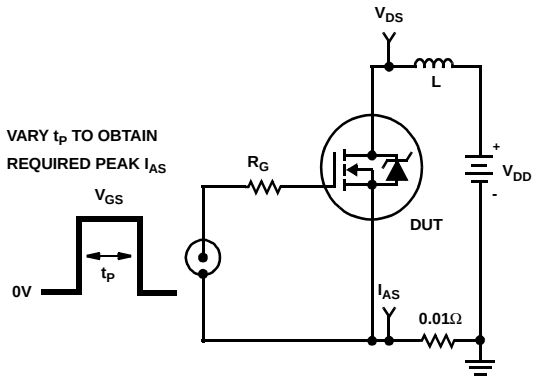


Figure 14. Unclamped Energy Test Circuit

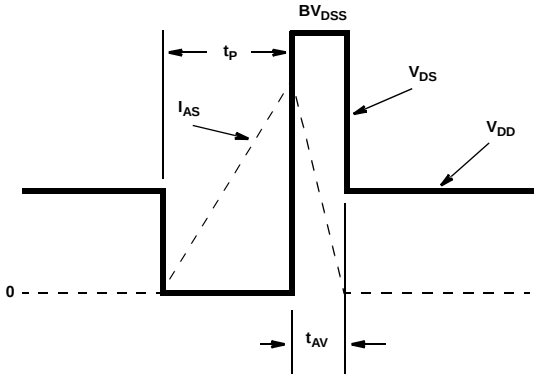


Figure 15. Unclamped Energy Waveforms

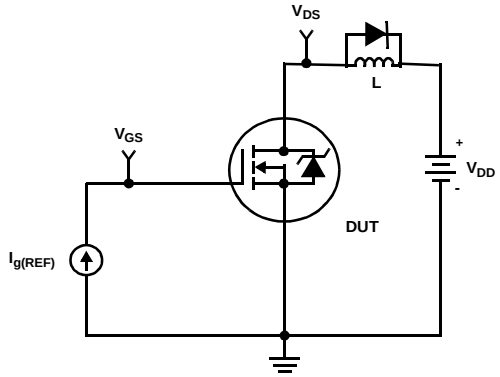


Figure 16. Gate Charge Test Circuit

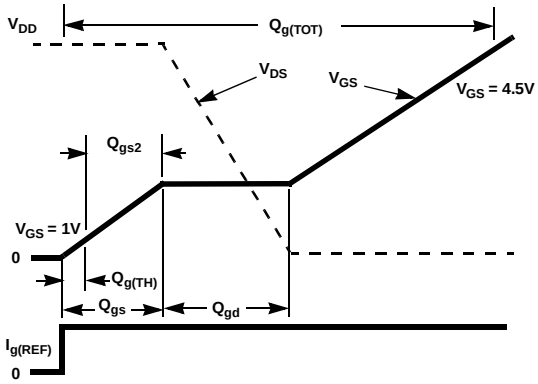


Figure 17. Gate Charge Waveforms

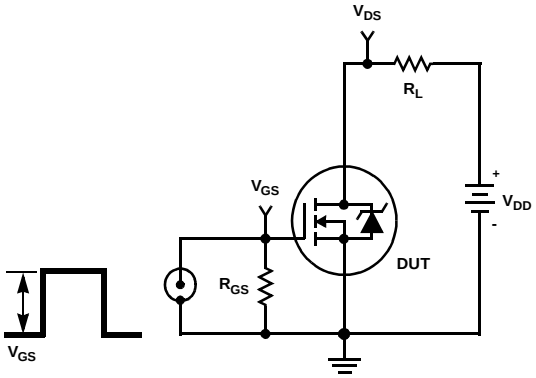


Figure 18. Switching Time Test Circuit

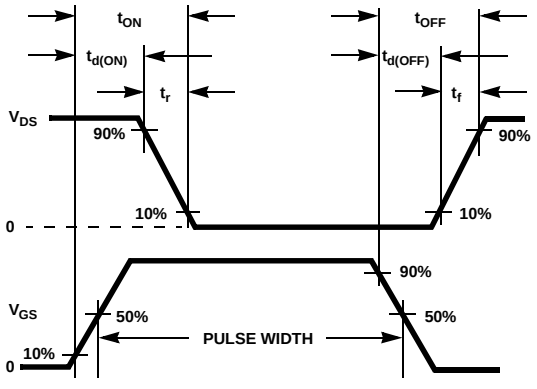


Figure 19. Switching Time Waveforms

PSPICE Electrical Model

.SUBCKT FDW2511NZ 2 1 3 ; rev July 2004

Ca 12 8 1.1e-9
Cb 15 14 1.1e-9
Cin 6 8 0.8e-9

Dbody 7 5 DbodyMOD
Dbreak 5 11 DbreakMOD
DESD2 91 9 DESD2MOD
DESD1 91 7 DESD1MOD
Dplcap 10 5 DplcapMOD

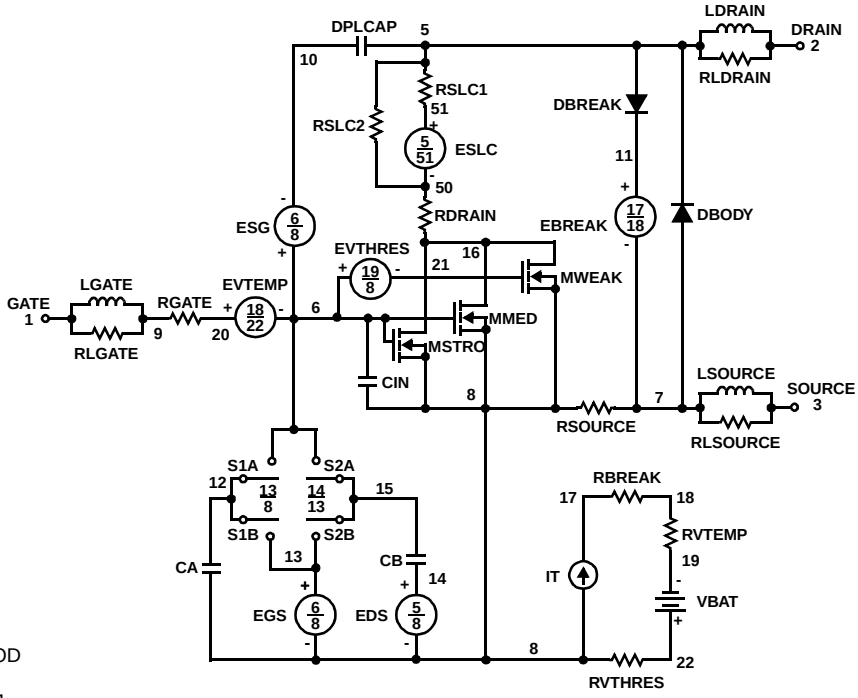
Ebreak 11 7 17 18 24
Eds 14 8 5 8 1
Egs 13 8 6 8 1
Esg 6 10 6 8 1
Evthres 6 21 19 8 1
Evtemp 20 6 18 22 1

It 8 17 1

Lgate 1 9 9.1e-10
Ldrain 2 5 1e-9
Lsource 3 7 2.1e-10

RLgate 1 9 9.1
RLdrain 2 5 10
RLsource 3 7 2.1

Mmed 16 6 8 8 MmedMOD
Mstro 16 6 8 8 MstroMOD
Mweak 16 21 8 8 MweakMOD

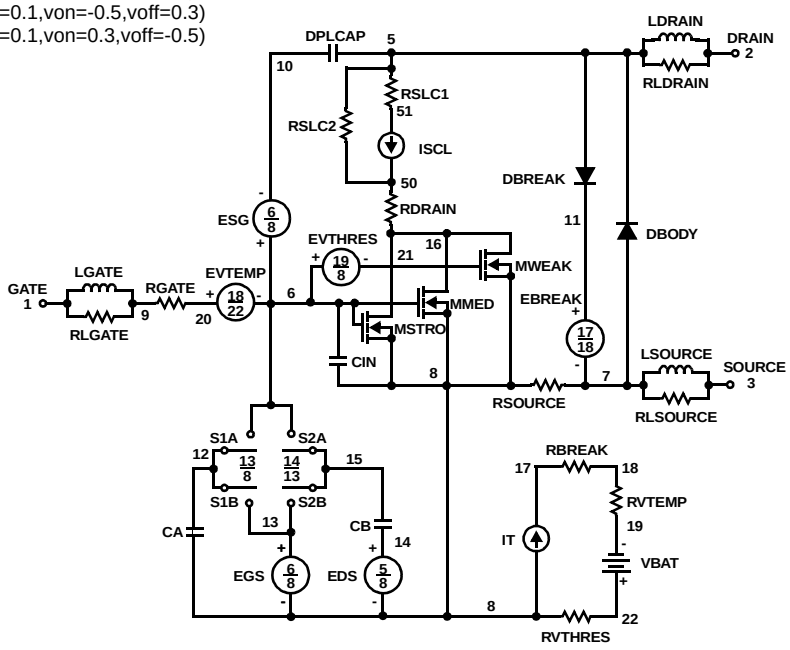


Rbreak 17 18 RbreakMOD 1
Rdrain 50 16 RdrainMOD 1.0e-2
Rgate 9 20 2.75
RSLC1 5 51 RSLCMOD 1e-6
RSLC2 5 50 1e3
Rsource 8 7 RsourceMOD 1.7e-3
Rvthres 22 8 Rvthresmod 1
Rvtemp 18 19 RvtempMOD 1
S1a 6 12 13 8 S1AMOD
S1b 13 12 13 8 S1BMOD
S2a 6 15 14 13 S2AMOD
S2b 13 15 14 13 S2BMOD
Vbat 22 19 DC 1
ESLC 51 50 VALUE={(V(5,51)/ABS(V(5,51)))*(PWR(V(5,51)/(1e-6*120),2.5))}
MODEL DbodyMOD D (IS=3.5E-11 RS=1.08e-2 IKF=.5 N= TRS1=8e-4 TRS2=6e-6 XTI=.1
+CJO=3.2e-10 TT=1.07e-8 M=0.68 TIKF=0.001)
.MODEL DbreakMOD D (RS=1e-1 TRS1=9e-3 TRS2=-2.0e-5)
.MODEL DESD1MOD D (BV=15.0 RS=1)
.MODEL DESD2MOD D (BV=14.3 RS=1)
.MODEL DplcapMOD D (CJO=0.70e-9 IS=1e-30 N=10 M=0.3)
MODEL MstroMOD NMOS (VTO=1.21 KP=147 IS=1e-30 N=10 TOX=1 L=1u W=1u)
.MODEL MmedMOD NMOS (VTO=0.93 KP=1.7 IS=1e-30 N=10 TOX=1 L=1u W=1u RG=2.75)
.MODEL MweakMOD NMOS (VTO=0.752 KP=0.05 IS=1e-30 N=10 TOX=1 L=1u W=1u RG=27.5 RS=.1)
MODEL RbreakMOD RES (TC1=5.0e-4 TC2=8e-7)
.MODEL RdrainMOD RES (TC1=2.1e-3 TC2=3.4e-6)
.MODEL RSLCMOD RES (TC1=1e-3 TC2=1e-5)
.MODEL RsourceMOD RES (TC1=5e-3 TC2=1e-6)
.MODEL RvtempMOD RES (TC1=-.9e-3 TC2=1e-7)
.MODEL RvthresMOD RES (TC1=-1.1e-3 TC2=-4.0e-6)
MODEL S1AMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=-6 VOFF=-1.5)
.MODEL S1BMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=-1.5 VOFF=-6)
.MODEL S2AMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=-0.5 VOFF=0.3)
.MODEL S2BMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=0.3 VOFF=-0.5)
ENDS
*$

Note: For further discussion of the PSPICE model, consult **A New PSPICE Sub-Circuit for the Power MOSFET Featuring Global Temperature Options**; IEEE Power Electronics Specialist Conference Records, 1991, written by William J. Hepp and C. Frank Wheatley.

SABER Electrical Model

```
REV July 2004
template fdw2511nz n2,n1,n3
electrical n2,n1,n3
{
var i iscl
dp..model dbodymod =  (isl=3.5e-11,rs=1.08e-2,ikf=.5,trs1=8e-4,trs2=6e-6,xti=.1,cjo=3.2e-10,tt=1.07e-8,m=0.68,tikf=0.001)
dp..model dbreakmod = (rs=1e-1,trs1=9e-3,trs2=-2.0e-5)
dp..model dplcapmod =  (cjo=0.70e-9,isl=10e-30,nl=10,m=0.3)
m..model mstrongmod = (type=_n,vto=1.21,kp=147,is=1e-30, tox=1)
m..model mmedmod = (type=_n,vto=0.93,kp=1.7,is=1e-30, tox=1)
m..model mweakmod = (type=_n,vto=0.752,kp=0.05,is=1e-30, tox=1,rs=0.1)
sw_vcsp..model s1amod =  (ron=1e-5,roff=0.1,von=-6,voff=-1.5)
sw_vcsp..model s1bmod =  (ron=1e-5,roff=0.1,von=-1.5,voff=-6)
sw_vcsp..model s2amod =  (ron=1e-5,roff=0.1,von=-0.5,voff=0.3)
sw_vcsp..model s2bmod =  (ron=1e-5,roff=0.1,von=0.3,voff=-0.5)
c.ca n12 n8 = 1.1e-9
c.cb n15 n14 = 1.1e-9
c.cin n6 n8 = 0.8e-9

dp.dbody n7 n5 = model=dbodymod
dp.dbreak n5 n11 = model=dbreakmod
desd2 91 9 desd2mod
desd1 91 7 desd1mod
dp.dplcap n10 n5 = model=dplcapmod

spe.ebreak n11 n7 n17 n18 = 24
spe.eds n14 n8 n5 n8 = 1
spe.egs n13 n8 n6 n8 = 1
spe.esg n6 n10 n6 n8 = 1
spe.evthres n6 n21 n19 n8 = 1
spe.evtemp n20 n6 n18 n22 = 1

i.it n8 n17 = 1

l.lgate n1 n9 = 9.1e-10
l.ldrain n2 n5 = 1e-9
l.lsource n3 n7 = 2.1e-10

res.rlgate n1 n9 = 9.1
res.rldrain n2 n5 = 10
res.rlsource n3 n7 = 2.1

m.mmed n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mmedmod, l=1u, w=1u
m.mstrong n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mstrongmod, l=1u, w=1u
m.mweak n16 n21 n8 n8 = model=mweakmod, l=1u, w=1u


res.rbreak n17 n18  = 1, tc1=5.0e-4,tc2=8e-7
m.desd1mod bv=15.0 rs=1)
m.desd2mod bv=14.3 rs=1)
res.rdrain n50 n16  = 1.0e-2, tc1=2.1e-3,tc2=3.4e-6
res.rgate n9 n20 = 2.75
res.rslc1 n5 n51  = 1e-6, tc1=1e-3,tc2=1e-5
res.rslc2 n5 n50 = 1e3
res.rsource n8 n7  = 1.7e-3, tc1=5e-3,tc2=1e-6
res.rvthres n22 n8  = 1, tc1=-1.1e-3,tc2=-4.0e-6
res.rvtemp n18 n19  = 1, tc1=-.9e-3,tc2=1e-7
sw_vcsp.s1a n6 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1amod
sw_vcsp.s1b n13 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1bmod
sw_vcsp.s2a n6 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2amod
sw_vcsp.s2b n13 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2bmod

v.vbat n22 n19 = dc=1
equations {
i (n51->n50) +=iscl
iscl: v(n51,n50) = ((v(n5,n51)/(1e-9+abs(v(n5,n51))))*((abs(v(n5,n51)*1e6/120))** 2.5))
}
}
```



SPICE Thermal Model

REV July 2004
FDW2511NZ_JA Junction Ambient
Minimum copper pad area

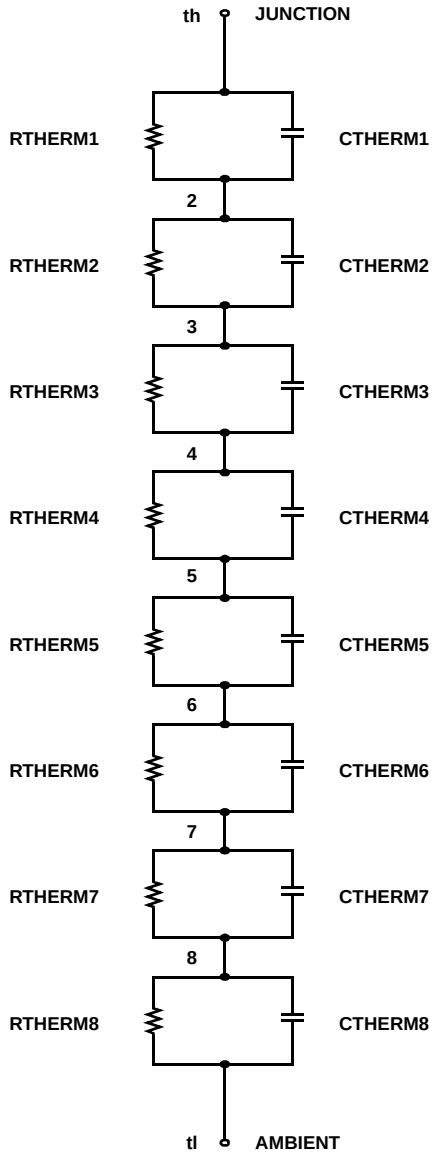
CTHERM1 Junction c2 5.7e-4
CTHERM2 c2 c3 5.72e-4
CTHERM3 c3 c4 5.8e-4
CTHERM4 c4 c5 4.7e-3
CTHERM5 c5 c6 5.1e-3
CTHERM6 c6 c7 0.02
CTHERM7 c7 c8 0.2
CTHERM8 c8 Ambient 6

RTHERM1 Junction c2 0.003
RTHERM2 c2 c3 0.25
RTHERM3 c3 c4 1.0
RTHERM4 c4 c5 1.1
RTHERM5 c5 c6 7.5
RTHERM6 c6 c7 33.6
RTHERM7 c7 c8 33.7
RTHERM8 c8 Ambient 33.8

SABER Thermal Model

SABER thermal model FDW2511NZ
Minimum copper pad area
template thermal_model th tl
thermal_c th, tl
{
ctherm.ctherm1 th c2 = 5.7e-4
ctherm.ctherm2 c2 c3 = 5.72e-4
ctherm.ctherm3 c3 c4 = 5.8e-4
ctherm.ctherm4 c4 c5 = 4.7e-3
ctherm.ctherm5 c5 c6 = 5.1e-3
ctherm.ctherm6 c6 c7 = 0.02
ctherm.ctherm7 c7 c8 = 0.2
ctherm.ctherm8 c8 tl = 6

rtherm.rtherm1 th c2 = 0.003
rtherm.rtherm2 c2 c3 = 0.25
rtherm.rtherm3 c3 c4 = 1.0
rtherm.rtherm4 c4 c5 = 1.1
rtherm.rtherm5 c5 c6 = 7.5
rtherm.rtherm6 c6 c7 = 33.6
rtherm.rtherm7 c7 c8 = 33.7
rtherm.rtherm8 c8 tl = 33.8
}



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